Study section/contact person	March 1997 meetings	Time	Location
Neurological Sciences Initial Review Group			
Neurology A, Dr. Joe Marwah, 301–435–1253	Mar. 4–6	8:30 a.m	Best Western Hotel, La Jolla, CA.

The meetings will be closed in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5, U.S.C. Applications and/or proposals and the discussions could reveal confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material and personal information concerning individuals associated with the applications and/or proposals, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 93.306, 93.333, 93.337, 93.393– 93.396, 93.837–93.844, 93.846–93.878, 93.892, 93.893, National Institutes of Health, HHS)

Dated: January 23, 1997.

Paula N. Hayes,

Acting Committee Management Officer, NIH. [FR Doc. 97–2479 Filed 1–30–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4140-01-M

Division of Research Grants; Notice of Closed Meetings

Pursuant to Section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of the following Division of Research Grants Special Emphasis Panel (SEP) meetings:

Purpose/Agenda: To review individual grant applications.

Name of SEP: Multidisciplinary Sciences. Date: February 18, 1997.

Time: 1:00 p.m.

Place: NIH, Rockledge 2, Room 5116,

Telephone Conference.

Contact Person: Dr. Lee Rosen, Scientific Review Administrator, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 5116, Bethesda, Maryland 20892, (301) 435–1171.

Name of SEP: Chemistry and Related Sciences.

Date: March 4, 1997.

Time: 3:00 p.m.

Place: Sheraton Hotel, Washington, DC. Contact Person: Dr. Richard Panniers, Scientific Review Administrator, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 5106, Bethesda, Maryland 20892, (301) 435–1166.

Name of SEP: Biological and Physiological Sciences.

Date: March 12-14, 1997.

Time: 8:30 a.m.

Place: Doubletree Hotel, Rockville, MD. Contact Person: Dr. Dennis Leszczyski, Scientific Review Administrator, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 6170, Bethesda, Maryland 20892, (301) 435–1044. Name of SEP: Biological and Physiological Sciences.

Date: March 19, 1997.

Time: 9:00 a.m.

Place: Hyatt Regency, Bethesda, MD. Contact Person: Dr. Richard Marcus, Scientific Review Administrator, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 5194, Bethesda, Maryland 20892, (301) 435–1256.

Name of SEP: Biological and Physiological Sciences.

Date: March 27-28, 1997.

Time: 8:30 a.m.

Place: American Inn, Bethesda, MD. Contact Person: Dr. Nicholas Mazarella, Scientific Review Administrator, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 5128, Bethesda, Maryland 20892, (301) 435–1018.

The meetings will be closed in accordance with the provisions set forth in secs. 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5, U.S.C. Applications and/or proposals and the discussions could reveal confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable materials and personal information concerning individuals associated with the applications and/or proposals, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 93.306, 93.333, 93.337, 93.393– 93.396, 93.837–93.844, 93.846–93.878, 93.892, 93.893, National Institutes of Health, HHS)

Dated: January 23, 1997.

Paula N. Hayes,

Acting Committee Management Officer, NIH. [FR Doc. 97–2481 Filed 1–30–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4140-01-M

National Center for Research Resources

AGENCY: National Center for Research Resources, NIH.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The National Center for Research Resources (NCRR), National Institutes of Health (NIH), is updating its 1994 strategic plan entitled NCRR: A Catalyst for Discovery. Its purpose is to anticipate, meet, and set priorities for the biomedical research community's needs for critical research resources and technologies. NCRR requests input from biomedical scientists to identify barriers to future research progress and to define future needs for shared research resources and technologies that facilitate NIH-supported biomedical research. NCRR's existing 1994 strategic

plan may be assessed over the World Wild Web: http://www.ncrr.nih.gov/plan94.htm.

DATES: Submit responses to the Office of Science Policy, NCRR (see below) on or before May 15, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: The Office of Science Policy, NCRR/NIH, One Rockledge Center, 6705 Rockledge Drive MSC 7965, Suite 5046, Bethesda, MD 20892–7965; 301–435–0866; FAX 301–480–3654; e-mail.

NCRRPLAN@EP.NCRR.NIH.GOV; internet http://www.ncrr.nih.gov>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The National Center for Research Resources (NCRR) serves as a "catalyst for discovery" by creating and providing critical research technologies and shared resources. This infrastructure underpins biomedical research and enables advances that improve the health of our Nation's citizens.

The NCRR serves a unique purpose at the NIH: to develop critical research technologies and to provide costeffective, shared, multidisciplinary resources to biomedical investigators across the spectrum of research activities supported by the NIH. NCRR's mission to:

- (1) Create resources and develop technologies and research models that are cost-effective, accessible, and responsive to the research needs of the biomedical research community. To meet these needs, the NCRR must anticipate evolving trends in basic and clinical research to ensure that resources will be available to facilitate that research.
- (2) Provide shared clinical, primate, and biomedical technology resources and instrumentation for use by investigators supported by the NIH. These resources, primarily centers, serve more than 10,000 researchers, who are supported through more than \$1 billion of competitive awards from NIH's categorical Institutes.
- (3) Develop quick, flexible approaches to new and emerging biomedical research needs and opportunities. These innovations often involve high-risk research.
- (4) Strengthen the Nation's biomedical research infrastructure. Support programs that develop and enhance the capacity of institutions, including underrepresented groups, to